(b) The patients are attended by the doctors on individual basis and all required examination/investigations, if necessary, is suggested at the dispensary level. In case any patient needs specialist's consultation/advice, he is referred to the concerned specialist.

(c) No such complaint has been received.

(d) In view of (c) above, the question does not arise.

Educating People of Aids

2862. SHRI S. AGNIRAJ: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that AIDS patients are gradually increasing in the country;

(b) what is the estimated number of AIDS patients in the country at the end of 1998, state-wise;

(c) what steps are being taken to educate people regarding AIDS;

(d) whether any special funds have been allocated for AIDS Control Programme; and

(e) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI DALIT EZHILMALAI): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The total number of AIDS cases reported at the end of 1998 is 6693. State-wise break-up is enclosed as statement. (*see* below)

(c) In order to prevent and control the spread of HIV/AIDS in India, a comprehensive programme is currently under implementation throughout the country as a centrally sponsored scheme. The main strategy consists of:—

— Strengthening programme management committees at central and state level;

— Creation of awareness amongst high risk behaviour groups and general public about HIV/AIDS.

— Control of Sexually Transmitted Diseases.

— Promoting blood safety and rational use of blood through proper licensing of blood banks and encouraging voluntary blood donation.

— Strengthening capacity for surveillance and diagnosis; and

— Extending training in Clinical Management of HIV/AIDS cases.

(d) and (e) National AIDS Control Programme is a 100% centrally sponsored scheme implemented in the country with a credit of US$84 million from World Bank.

Statement

National AIDS Control Programme India AIDS Cases in India (Reported to NACO) (as on 31st December, 1998)

S.No.	State/Union Territory	AIDS Cases
1.	Andhra Pradesh	46
2.	Assam	22
3.	Arunachal Pradesh	0
4.	Andaman & Nicobar Island	0
5.	Bihar	3
6.	Chadigarh (U.T.)	
7.	Punjab	100
8.	Delhi	219
9.	Daman & Diu (U.T.)	1
10.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	0
11.	Goa	12
12.	Gujarat	136
13.	Haryana	1
14.	Himachal Pradesh	9
15.	Jammu & Kashmir	2
16.	Karnataka	157
17.	Kerala	106
18.	Lakshadeep (U.T.)	0
19.	Madhya Pradesh	210
20.	Maharashtra	3315
21.	Orissa	2
22.	Nagaland	10
23.	Manipur	301
24.	Mizoram	5
25.	Meghalaya	8
26.	Pondicherry	141

S.No.	State/Union Territory	AIDS Cases
27.	Rajasthan	79
28.	Sikkim	2
29.	Tamilnadu	1624
30.	Tripura	0
31.	Uttar Pradesh	125
32.	West Bengal	57
		6693

Implementation of Bakshi Committee Recommendations in AIIMS

2863. SHRIMATI VEENA VERMA: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARS be pleased to state:

(a) what steps have been taken to implement the Bakshi Committee recommendations in respect of pay-scales of the faculty of All India Institute of Medical Sciences, in compliance with the orders of the Supreme Court; and

(b) by when the arrears due to them are likely to be cleared and the new pay-scales enforced?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI DALIT EZHILMALAI): (a) The Government after considering all the relevant factors including the recommendations made by the K.K. Baksi Committee, conveyed its approval to the revision of scales of pay and allowance of various faculty posts in All India Institute of Medical Sciences (AIIMS), new Delhi/PGIMER, Chandigarh vide orders dated 21st January, 1999.

The SLP preferred by the Central Government against the interim orders dated 3.3.99 of the Delhi High Court came up for hearing before the supreme Court on 8.4.99. The court issued notices in the matter and the next date of hearing has been fixed for 26.4.99. The supreme Court did not pass any orders regarding pay scales of the faculty of All India Institute of Medical Sciences, New Delhi.

(b) In pursuance of the interim orders dated 3.3.99 passed by the High Court of Delhi on Civil Writ petition No. 849 of 1999, the faculty of the Institute has been paid arrears of pay and allowances as per orders dated 21st January, 1999 conveyed by the Government and the salary for the month of March, 1999 as per the recommendations of the Baksi Committee Report.

रूस में मेडिकल की पढ़ाई करने वाले भारतीय छात्रों की समस्याएं

2864. **श्री जनेश्वर मिश्र:** क्या स्वास्थ्य और परिवार कल्याण मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि:

(क) क्या यह सच है कि रूस में मेडिकल की पढ़ाई करने वाले भारतीय छात्रों को मुसीबतों का सामना करना पड़ रहा है; और

(ख) क्या यह भी सच है कि मौजूदा समय में रूस में पढ़ रहे तीन हजार चिकित्सा छात्रों में से 800 छात्र ऐसे संस्थानों/महाविद्यालयों में पढ़ रहे हैं, जिन्हें भारतीय चिकित्सा परिषद ने मान्यता प्रदान नहीं की है?

स्वास्थ्य और परिवार कल्याण मंत्रालय के राज्य मंत्री (श्री दलित एजिमलाई): (क) भारतीय चिकित्सा परिषद के दो निरीक्षण दलों ने 10 और 20 अप्रैल, 1998 के बीच रूस की 11 संस्थाओं और यूक्रेन की 9 संस्थाओं का दौरा किया था। इन निरीक्षण दलों ने पाया कि एक वर्ष में बहुत बड़ी संख्या में छात्रों को चिकित्सीय संस्थाओं में प्रवेश दिया जाता है, भारतीय छात्रों को पूर्णतया निर्धारित फीस के भुगतान पर ही प्रवेश प्रदान किया जाता है, और भारतीय छात्रों का प्रवेश निजी अभिकरणों के माध्यम से किया जाता है।

(ख) भारत सरकार रूस में चिकित्सा संस्थाओं में प्रवेश प्राप्त करने वाले और मान्यता-प्राप्त/गैर-मान्यताप्राप्त संस्थाओं में अध्ययन करने वाले छात्रों की संख्या संबंधी आंकड़ों का संकलन नहीं करती। वैसे, 1997 में रूस में भारतीय राजदूतावास से प्राप्त की गई सूचना के अनुसार 2020 भारतीय छात्र भारतीय चिकित्सा परिषद से मान्यता-प्राप्त 13 संस्थाओं में अध्ययन कर रहे थे और 430 और छात्र गैर-मान्यता-प्राप्त संस्थाओं में अध्ययन कर रहे थे।